

ALGEBRAIC FRACTIONS 1

1. Simplify:

a)
$$\frac{x^4 - 2x^3 - 3x^2}{x^4 - 9x^2}$$

b)
$$\frac{16x^4 - 1}{4x^2 - 4x + 1}$$

c)
$$\frac{x^5 + 6x^4 + 9x^3}{x^3 + 3x^2}$$

d)
$$\frac{2x^5 - 32x}{6x^4 + 12x^3 + 24x^2 + 48x}$$

e)
$$\frac{x^3 - x}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x}$$

f)
$$\frac{x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x - 1}{x^3 - 2x^2 + x}$$

2) Work out and simplify:

a)
$$\left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2x}{x+1}\right) \cdot \frac{x^2 + x}{x-1}$$

b)
$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2-1} - \frac{3x}{(x+1)^2}$$

SOLUTION

1. Simplify:

$$a) \frac{x^4 - 2x^3 - 3x^2}{x^4 - 9x^2} = \frac{x^2(x^2 - 2x - 3)}{x^2(x^2 - 9)} = \frac{x^2(x-3)(x+1)}{x^2(x-3)(x+3)} = \frac{x+1}{x+3}$$

$$b) \frac{16x^4 - 1}{4x^2 - 4x + 1} = \frac{(4x^2 - 1)(4x^2 + 1)}{(2x - 1)^2} = \frac{(2x - 1)(2x + 1)(4x^2 + 1)}{(2x - 1)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{(2x + 1)(4x^2 + 1)}{(2x - 1)}$$

$$c) \frac{x^5 + 6x^4 + 9x^3}{x^3 + 3x^2} = \frac{x^3(x^2 + 6x + 9)}{x^2(x + 3)} = \frac{x^3(x + 3)^2}{x^2(x + 3)} = x(x + 3) = x^2 + 3x$$

$$d) \frac{2x^5 - 32x}{6x^4 + 12x^3 + 24x^2 + 48x} = \frac{2x(x^4 - 16)}{6x(x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x + 8)} =$$

$$= \frac{2x(x^2 - 4)(x^2 + 4)}{6x(x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x + 8)} = \frac{2x(x - 2)(x + 2)(x^2 + 4)}{6x(x + 2)(x^2 + 4)} = \frac{x - 2}{3}$$

$$e) \frac{x^3 - x}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x} = \frac{x(x^2 - 1)}{x(x^2 + 3x + 2)} = \frac{x(x - 1)(x + 1)}{x(x + 1)(x + 2)} = \frac{x - 1}{x + 2}$$

$$f) \frac{x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x - 1}{x^3 - 2x^2 + x} = \frac{(x - 1)^3}{x(x - 1)} = \frac{x - 1}{x}$$

2) Work out and simplify:

$$a) \left(\frac{3}{x} - \frac{2x}{x+1} \right) \cdot \frac{x^2 + x}{x - 1} = \frac{3(x+1) - 2x^2}{x(x+1)} \cdot \frac{x^2 + x}{x - 1} =$$

$$= \frac{-2x^2 + 3x + 3}{x(x+1)} \cdot \frac{x(x+1)}{x - 1} = \frac{-2x^2 + 3x + 3}{x - 1}$$

$$b) \frac{(x-1)^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} - \frac{3x}{(x+1)^2} = \frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{2(x+1)(x-1)} - \frac{3x}{(x+1)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{x-1}{2(x+1)} - \frac{3x}{(x+1)^2} = \frac{x^2 - 1 - 6x}{2(x+1)^2} = \frac{x^2 - 6x - 1}{2(x+1)^2}$$